As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 1, 2017

REGISTRATION NO. 333-

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-3

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

LIBERTY MEDIA CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 12300 Liberty Boulevard Englewood, Colorado 80112 (720) 875-5400

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices) Copy To:

Richard N. Baer, Esq. Chief Legal Officer Liberty Media Corporation 12300 Liberty Boulevard Englewood, Colorado 80112 (720) 875-5400

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend reinvestment plans, please check the following box:

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Renee L. Wilm, Esq.

Courtney S. York, Esq.

Baker Botts L.L.P.

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112-4498

(212) 408-2500

37-1699499

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date hereof.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box:	3

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction L.D. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box:

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered(1)	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit(2)	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(2)	Amount of Registration Fee(2)(3)
Series C Liberty Formula One common stock, par value \$0.01 per				
share	70,368,436	\$28.86	\$2,030,833,063	\$235,374

- The amount of securities registered pursuant to this registration statement is comprised of (i) 54,660,897 shares of the registrant's Series C Liberty Formula One common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("FWONK"), issued to the selling stockholders and (ii) 15,707,539 shares of FWONK, equaling the maximum number of shares of FWONK issuable upon the exchange of certain exchangeable notes issued to the selling stockholders. The exchangeable notes provide for the payment of interest in kind. Accordingly, additional shares of FWONK that may become issuable upon exchange of exchangeable notes issued in lieu of cash interest payments (1) under the exchangeable notes, if any, may be added to the shares of FWONK registered by this registration statement by the filing of a post-effective amendment by the registrant.
- Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, based on the average high and low sale price of the shares of FWONK, as reported (2) on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on January 31, 2017. The proposed maximum offering price per share of FWONK will be determined from time to time by the selling stockholders in connection with, and at the time of, the sale by such selling stockholder of the shares of FWONK registered hereunder.
- Pursuant to Rule 457(p) under the Securities Act, the registrant is applying \$3,989 previously paid with respect to 1,224,367 shares of FWONK that remain unsold pursuant to the registrant's Registration Statement on (3) Form S-3ASR (File No. 333-215679), initially filed by the registrant on January 24, 2017, to offset a portion of the full registration fee of \$235,374 due in connection with this filing.

LIBERTY MEDIA CORPORATION

Up to 70,368,436 Shares

of

Series C Liberty Formula One Common Stock Offered by the Selling Stockholders

This prospectus relates to the offer and resale of up to 70,368,436 shares of Liberty Media Corporation (**Liberty Media**") Series C Liberty Formula One common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("**FWONK**"), which may be sold from time to time by the selling stockholders to be named in a prospectus supplement (each, a **Selling Stockholder**").

The Selling Stockholders may offer and sell the shares of FWONK offered hereby at fixed prices, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale or at prices negotiated with purchasers, to or through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents or through any of the other means described in this prospectus under the caption "Plan of Distribution." The Selling Stockholders will bear all discounts, concessions or commissions attributable to the sale or disposition of their shares of FWONK offered hereby.

This prospectus describes the general manner in which the shares of FWONK may be offered and resold by the Selling Stockholders. We will provide supplements to this prospectus describing the specific manner in which the shares of FWONK may be offered and sold to the extent required by law.

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares of FWONK by the Selling Stockholders. See "Plan of Distribution." We are, however, responsible for expenses incident to the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), of the offer and sale of the shares of FWONK by the Selling Stockholders.

ae Scheare of the Seek Koar Schisted on The Nasdag Global Select Market — af ar

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form S-3 that we have filed with the Commission using a "shelf" registration process. Under this shelf registration process, the Selling Stockholders may sell, in one or more offerings from time to time, up to an aggregate of 70,368,436 shares of FWONK as described in this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of us and the securities offered under this prospectus.

We will not receive any proceeds that egreeness the sale of shares of FWONK by the Selling Stockholders. The Selling Stockholders may sell their shares of FWONK through any means bleed willow unhallow unhaled heading "Plan of Distribution."

At the time that any particular offering of shares of FWONK is made, to the extent required by the Securities Act, the Selling Stockholders will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. A prospectus supplement may add to, updtrat^{ra}

THE COMPANY

The following summary highlights selected information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus to help you understand our Company and shares of FWONK. For a more complete understanding of our Company and shares of FWONK, we encourage you to read this entire document and the information incorporated by reference herein, including the financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto. All references to the "Company," "Liberty Media," "we," "our" and "us" and words of similar effect refer to Liberty Media Corporation, and, unless the context otherwise requires, its consolidated subsidiaries.

Our Capital Structure

Under our current restated certificate of incorporation (our 'current charter''), our common stock is comprised of three tracking stocks, with each tracking stock divided into three series. Our tracking stocks, which are designated the Liberty SiriusXM common stock, the Liberty Braves common stock and the Liberty Formula One common stock, are intended to track and reflect the separate economic performance of the businesses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group, the Braves Group and the Formula One Group, respectively. While each group has a separate collection of businesses, assets and liabilities attributed to it, none of these groups is a separate legal entity and therefore cannot own assets, issue securities or enter into legally binding agreements. Hence, holders of our Liberty SiriusXM common stock, Liberty Braves common stock and Liberty Formula One common stock have no direct claim to the relevant group's assets, and are not represented by a separate board of directors. Instead, holders of those stocks are stockholders of Liberty Media Corporation, with a single board of directors and subject to all of the risks and liabilities of Liberty Media as a whole.

At a special meeting of stockholders of the Company held on January 17, 2017, our stockholders approved the adoption of an amendment and restatement of our then-existing charter (1) to change the name of the "Media Group" to the "Formula One Group," (2) to change the name of the "Liberty Media common stock" to the "Liberty Formula One common stock," (3) to reclassify each share of each series of our existing Liberty Media common stock into one share of the corresponding series of Liberty Formula One Common Stock solely to effect the name change and (4) to make certain conforming changes (the "group name change"). The current charter was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on January 24, 2017 and gave effect to the group name change.

The Liberty SiriusXM common stock tracks and reflects the separate economic performance of the businesses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group, which includes, among other things, Liberty Media's approximate 65.5% interest in SIRIUS XM Holdings Inc. ("Sirius XM"). The Liberty Braves common stock tracks and reflects the separate economic performance of the businesses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Braves Group, which includes, among other things, Liberty Media's wholly-businesses assets and liabilities attributed to the Braves Major League Baseball club (the 'Braves''). The Liberty Formula One common stock, which includes FWONK, tracks and reflects the separate economic performance of the businesses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Formula

For additional information about Formula 1, please see "The Company—Description of the Business of Formula 1."
Our consolidated subsidiary Delta Topco is attributed to our Formula One Group.
Live Nation. We beneficially owned approximately 34% of the issued and outstanding shares of Live Nation common stock as of November 1, 2016. Live Nation is considered the world's largest live entertainment company and seeks to innovate and enha

Also on September 7, 2016, Liberty Media, the Buyer, Formula 1 and the Initial Sellers entered into the second stock purchase agreement (the **Second SPA"blPursuitation** via the Second SPA, the other shareholders of Formula 1 (i) entered into a deed of adherence to the Second SPA before the closing of the Second SPA (the "**Second Closing**") or (ii) the Paragriph All the denotes of the Second SPA pursuant to a drag along notice issued by Formula 1 pursuant to Formula 1's Articles of Association. Pursuant to the Second SPA:

- • the minutal state of the first SPA was unwound in full immediately prior to the Social column of the social co
- the amount of cash paid to the Initial Sellers at the First Closing and the Additional Closing was credited against the amount of cash payable at the Second Closing;
- immediately following the unwind of the First Closing and the Additional Closing, and prior to the Second Closing, a substantial portion of the issued and **obstanding** F1 Loan Notes were converted into **satisfying and the remaining** portion of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into **satisfying and the remaining** if in each in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into **satisfying and the remaining** if in each in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of the issued and outstanding F1 Loan Notes were converted into satisfying in the instance of t

Other Revenue

Formula 1 also generates revenue from a variety of other sources including the operation of the Paddock Club race-based corporate hospitality program at most Events, freight and related logistical and travel services, support races at Events (either from the direct operation of the GP2 and GP3 series which are owned by Formula 1 or from the licensing of other third party series or individual race events), various television production and post-production activities, and other Formula 1 ancillary operations.

Formula 1's business is global and diversified across six of the seven major regions in the world. Formula 1 has significantly expanded its business activities throughout the world by entering into additional broadcasting contracts and adding new Events such as those in Mexico, Singapore, Abu Dhabi, the United States, Russia and Azerbaijan.

Formula 1's business is built on a number of key relationships—those with the FIA, the Teams and Formula 1's principal commercial partners. See "—Key Commercial Agreements" below for more information about Formula 1's relationships with the FIA and the Teams.

FIA

The FIA is the governing body for world motor sport and as such, is solely responsible for regulating the sporting, technical and safety aspects of the World Championship through the FIA's F1 Commission and World Motor Sport Council. The FIA regulates a number of motor sports, with the World Championship being the most prominent. The FIA owns the World Championship and has granted Formula 1 the exclusive commercial rights to the World Championship until the end of 2110 under the 100-Year Agreements. In addition, the FIA, through its World Motor Sport Council, approves the calendar for the World Championship each year. Under the 100-Year Agreements, Formula 1 is only permitted to enter into race promotion contracts that are substantially in the form agreed between Formula 1 and the FIA.

Teams

The Teams are the participants in the World Championship and its Events, competing for the annual Constructors' Championship, and their drivers compete for the annual Drivers' Championship. There were 11 Teams competing in the 2016 World Championship. To be eligible to compete, a Team is responsible for the design and manufacturing of certain key parts of its cars, including the chassis. This distinguishes Formula 1 from many other genres of motor sport and places special emphasis on the technological capabilities and innovative prowess of each Team. Currently, the Teams are supplied race engines by one of Ferrari, Mercedes, Renault or Honda. Under the terms of the Current Concorde Arrangements, Teams are entitled to receive significant team payments from a Formula 1 prize fund (the "Prize Fund") based primarily on their results in prior years' Constructors' Championships. Formula 1 has no direct or indirect ownership interest in any Team, nor does it have any contractual arrangements with the drivers, who are all employed or contracted directly by the Teams.

Each Team is responsible for securing its own drivers and funding the cost to race in the World Championship. They receive Team payments from Formula 1 (principally a share in the Prize Fund) as well as sponsorship and advertising revenues from their own partners. The Current Concorde Arrangements between Formula 1, the FIA and the Team's participation in the World Championship (for further detail on these arrangements, see "—Key Commercial Agreements—Current Concorde Arrangements" below.

Table of Contents Event Calendar The FIA's World Motor Sport Counc

Table of Contents third party investors will generally be eligible for resale upon the expiration of applicable lock-up periods. The Selling Stockholders will be generally restricted from selling shares of FWONK during the first six months following the Second Closing, with the exception of a single underwritten offering in an aggrttof ering pn rilialceptif hy es g

	and the second s	1			C
impacting our revenue	Operating income and	d net income attributed to o	ur Company and fl	he businesses attributed to one	or more of our groups

As a satellite radio broadcaster, Sirius XM's business depends on the lives and proper operation of its satellites. The lives of Sirius XM's satellites will vary and depend on a number of factors, including degradation and durability of solar panels, quality of construction, random failure of satellite components (which could result in significant distribution) of the live satellite consumes and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite destruction) as sagerler destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite destruction) as sagerler destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite destruction) as a sagerler destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite consumers and damage or destruction by electrostatic storms, collisions with other objects in space or other events (which satellite satellite consumers) and satellite satellit

An important component of the success of our businesses,	including in particular our	consolidated subsidiary	Sirius XM, is the ability	to maintain existing,	as well as build
new, relationships with third parties, such as:					

- manufacturers that build and distribute satellite radios;
- companies that manufacture and sell integrated circuits for satellite radios;
- programming providers;
- ł®

As of September 30, 2016, we had approximately \$1.7 billion principal amount of corporate-level debt outstanding, consisting of \$1 billion outstanding under our 1.375% cash convertible senior notes due 2023, \$445 million outstanding under our 2.25% exchangeable senior debentures due 2046, \$36 million of other obligations and \$250 million outstanding under a margin loan obligation incurred by our wholly owned special purpose subsidiary attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group. Our ability to meet our financial obligations will depend on our ability to access cash. Our primary sources of cash include our available cash balances, dividends and interest from our investments, monetization of our public investment portfolio and proceeds from asset sales. Further, our ability to receive dividends or payments or advances from our businesses depends on their individual operating results, any statutory, regulatory or contractual restrictions to which they may be or may become subject and the terms of their own indebtedness, including Sirius XM's senior notes and credit facility. The agreements governing such indebtedness restrict sales of assets and prohibit or limit the payment of dividends or the making of distributions, loans or advances to stockholders, non-wholly owned subsidiaries or our partners. We generally do not receive cash, in the form of dividends, loans, advances or otherwise, from Sirius XM or our business affiliates.

Sirius XM must maintain music programming royalty arrangements with, and pay license fees to, owners of rights in musical works. Traditionally, Broadcast Music, Inc. ("BMI"), the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers ("ASCAP") and SESAC, Inc. ("SESAC") have negotiated for these copyright users, collected royalties and distributed them to songwriters and music publishers. These traditional arrangements are changing rapidly. Owners of rights in musical works have withdrawn from BMI, ASCAP and SESAC and new entities, such as Global Music Rights LLC, have been formed to represent owners of musical works. In addition, Committees of Congress have held hearings on substantial revisions of the Copyright Act. The fracturing of the traditional system for licensing rights in musical works may have significant consequences to Sirius XM's business, including increasing licensing costs and reducing the availability of certain pieces for use on Sirius XM's services.

ynerkJoflenothevDigitaiongnesic fbierscUg

Table of Contents The right to perform certain copyrighted sound recordings that were fixed before February 15, 1972 is governed by state common law principles and, in certain instances, may be subject to state statutes. Sirius XM is a defendant in litigation in several States, regarding the alleged distribution, duplication and performance of certain copyrighted

Table of Contents earnings or losses may have a material effect on our net earnings and those attributed to the Formula One Group. Notwithstanding the impact on our net earnings and those attributed to the Formula One Group, we do not have the ability to cause Live Nation to pay dividends or make other payments or advances to its stockholders, including us. In addition, our investment in Live Nation is in publicly traded securities, which is not reflected at fair value on our balance sheet and subject to market risk that is not directly reflected in our statement of operations.

The financial results of the Braves Group depends in large part on the ability of the Braves to achieve on-field success. The team's successes in the 1990s and early 2000s generated significant fan enthusiasm, resulting in sustained ticket, premium seating and concession and merchandise sales, and greater shares of local television and radio audiences during that period. Furthermore, during the 15 seasons between 1991 and 2005, success in the regular season permitted participation in Major League Baseball's ("MLB") postseason 14 times, which provided the franchise with additional revenue and income. While the Braves have made the MLB playoffs during two of the past five seasons, there can be no assurance that the team will perform well or qualify for postseason play during the next season or any season thereafter. Poor on-field performance by the Braves is likely to adversely affect the financial performance of the Braves Group.

The success of the Braves depends, in large part, on the ability to develop, obtain and retain talented players. The Braves compete with other MLB baseball teams and teams in other countries for available professional players and top player prospects. There can be no assurance that the Braves will be able to retain players upon expiration of their contracts or identify and obtain or develop new players of adequate talent to replace players who retire or are injured, traded, released or lost to free agency. Even if the Braves are able to retain or obtain players who have had successful amateur or professional careers, or develop talented players through the Braves' minor league affiliates or otherwise, there can be no assurance that such players will perform successfully for the Braves.

A significant portion of the financial results of the Braves Group will be dependent upon the on-field success of the Braves and injuries to players pose risk. An injury sustained by a key player, or an injury occurring at a key point in the season, could negatively impact the team's performance and decrease the likelihood of postseason play. An injury sustained by a popular player could negatively impact fan enthusiasm, which could negatively impact ticket sales, and other sources of revenue. Furthermore, after the start of each season, all MLB players under contract are generally entitled to all of their contract salary for the season, even after sustaining an injury. Having to compensate a player who is unable to perform for a substantial period of the season, as well as the replacement for the injured player, could create a significant financial bias of t er impac

en era of pressubóbapon ibehpelastrepisce eitithas segitepaeotofigus form usuarg to compenjured pjules, te a f gurlreacelormryr gaceured pjurie r mohnr

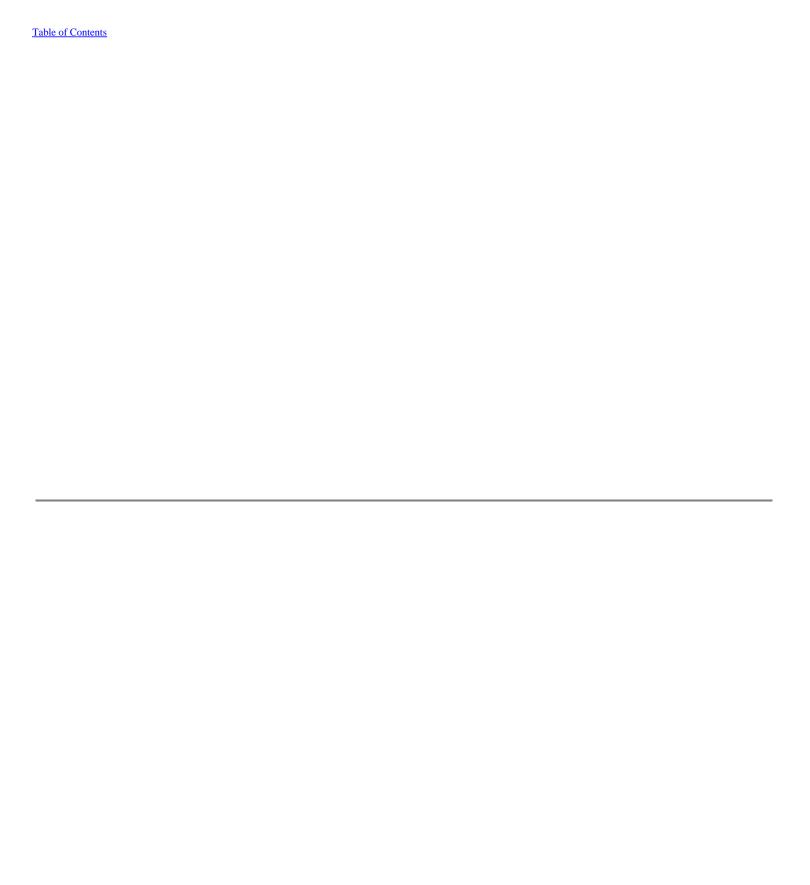
Braves Holdings must also comply with the rules and decisions of the Office of the Commissioner of Baseball (the **BOC**"), which has significant authority over MLB teams and must act in the best interests of MLB as a whole. Such rules and decisions may be inconsistent with strategies adopted by management and may have a negative effect on the near-term value of the Braves Group.

As a condition to maintaining its MLB franchise, each MLB club must comply with the rules and regulations adopted by MLB, as well as a series of other agreements and arrangements that govern the operation and management of an MLB club (collectively, the "MLB Rules and Regulations"). For example, each MLB club is subject to the Major League Constitution, the Major League Rules and the Collective Bargaining Agreement (the "CBA"). In addition, each club is required to appoint one "Control Person" who is acceptable to MLB and the other clubs and who has significant authority over club operations and the club's interaction with MLB. Pursuant to the MLB Rules and Regulations, an MLB club must comply with, among other things, limitations on the amount of debt it can incur, revenue sharing arrangements with the other MLB clubs, commercial arrangements with regard to the national broadcasting of its games and other programming and commercial arrangements relating to the use of its intellectual property. For example, the Braves were not in compliance in 2015 with the rule governing the amount of debt that is permitted to be issued by an MLB club. While the Braves project compliance for 2016, if compliance is not achieved the Braves would be subject to certain remedial measures, including the repayment of outstanding indebtedness. Similarly, the vote of 75% of the MLB clubs is required for the approval of the sale of any MLB club or relocation of a franchise to another city.

Braves Holdings will be required to abide by any changes to the MLB Rules and Regulations and the adoption of any new MLB Rules and Regulations, irrespective of whether such changes or new arrangements negatively impact Braves Holdings, and in turn the Braves Group, proportionately or disproportionately, as compared with the other MLB clubs. Further, the Commissioner of Baseball (the "Commissioner") interprets the MLB Rules and Regulations, and Braves Holdings has agreed to submit any and all disprites Regulations, ow disputes involving another MLB club, to the Commissioner as sole arbitrator. The decisions of the Commissioner are et a mnoare

Table of Contents
A

Table of Contents	
over certain a	



Talakong Collemorerna

delivered over television networks, radio, the Internet and online services, mobile applications and other alternative sources, as well as from the availability of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure activities. Formula 1 competes for attendance, viewership and advertising with a wide range of alternatives, such as top flight soccer leagues in manyholidity when the strange of alternatives are the flower than the strange of alternatives are the strange of alternatives. The strange of alternatives are the strange of alternatives are the strange of alternatives are the strange of alternatives.

Further, a scandal which undermines the credibility of the sport, such as a race fixing scandal, or accident could also impact the popularity of Formula 1. In particular rejeints of the jispullule with the



Even if a Team ha

Formula 1 has sought to adopt practices and conclude commercial contracts that take into account competition law as it applies to the specific nature of Formula 1's sporting and entertainment businesses, Formula 1's role within those businesses and the roles of the counterparties to Formula 1's commercial contracts. However given the uncertainty of the law in this area, and the possibility of third parties instigating action, there is a risk of further EC investigations, challenges or proceedings against Formula 1. For example, two Teams made a complaint against Formula 1 to the EC in September 2015 regarding the distribution of the Prize Fund and current sporting governance arrangements (though Formula 1 rejects the complaint as being without merit and believes it is in any event, a commercial dispute and not one that involves any breach of competition law). For the reasons set out above, no assurance can be given that there will be no further EC investigation, challenge or proceeding.

Any of the foregoing could materially and adversely affect Formula 1's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, which in turn could materially adversely impact the Formula One Group.

While Formula 1's contracted revenue from race promoters, broadcasters and advertisers and sponsors have not historically been immediately affected by an economic downturn, aspects of Formula 1's business, in particular Formula 1's advertising and sponsorship, hospitality, support series, transport and travel businesses, are dependent on general economic conditions and/or consumer and corporate spending. Formula 1's advertising and sponsorship and hospitality businesses are more immediately vulnerable to an economic downturn and a reduction in corporate spending due to the discretionary nature of those services and for advertising and sponsorship, the shorter duration of those contracts. The impact of an economic downturn is likely to have the largest initial impact on Formula 1's hospitality business. If an economic downturn adversely affects race promoters, broadcasters, advertisers and sponsors, Formula 1's ability to renew or enter into new contracts on favorable terms with them could be impacted which could result in a loss of revenues and may materially and adversely affect Formula 1's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, and in turn may materially adversely impact the Formula One Group.

Formula 1's race promotion, broadcasting and advertising and sponsorship contracts typically have terms of five to seven years, three to five years and three to five years, respectively, but may on occasion be of longer duration. When these contracts expire, Formula 1 may not be able to renew or replace them with contracts on similar terms or at all. Formula 1's ability to renew or replace its contracts on similar terms, or at all, is dependent on a number of factors which Formula 1 may not be able to control or predict including the popularity of Formula 1, the value of live sports rights generally, relevant regulations, economic conditions in the relevant countries and the spending capacity and priorities of Formula 1's counterparties. Additionally, many of Formula 1's race promotion and broadcasting contracts are directly or indirectly with, or guaranteed by, governmental bodies or agencies and a change in their spending capacity or priorities could impact Formula 1's negotiations with them. A failure to renew or replace Formula 1's existing contracts on similar or improved terms could result in, among other things, the payments Formula 1 receives decreasing, the term of the contracts being shortened, termination rights being granted to Formula 1's counterparties and other contractual terms and conditions being introduced which could materially and adversely affect Formula 1's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, and in turn could materially adversely impact the Formula One Group.

Table of Contents	
Futu	

OECD model tax convention, and the OECD transfer pricing guidelines. In addition, they propose to accelerate the incorporation of recommended income tax treaty changes into existing bilateral treaties through a multilateral convention to be entered into by interested countries. Although any recommendations made by the OECD are not themselves changes in tax law, those recommendations may result in changes in tax law, including countries taking unilateral action that may be uncoordinated, create double taxation, and increase controversy, which could adversely affect Formula 1 and the Formula One Group.

Formula 1 has recently staged Events in a number of new markets and intends to explore further opportunities for expansion. Attracting the relevant race promoters to the World Championship in these markets on terms that are attractive to Formula 1 will be largely dependent on the popularity of the Formula 1 brand in these markets and Formula 1 specieved ability to deliver the benefits that pace promoters desire, such as publicity for the host city/region, economic impact or tourism. See "—There could be a decline in the popularity of Fv Di n knrbit kkD Wt blapl di 1 knrbit kkD Wt blapl di

Formula 1 is a high profile sport with a global fan base and Events are attended by a large number of spectators. An Event, like any other major sporting event, could be the target of an actual or threatened terrorist act, either of which could disrupt Formula 1 and lead to the cancella t a luld vr acc vr acc	;

Table of Contents	
profitability or effectiveness ble	

- pay dividends, redeem their share capital, purchase capital stock, make investments or other restricted payments;
- make any payment in respect, or on account of, indebtedness owing to Delta Topco;
- · in certain circumstances, make any payment or distribution to another of Formula 1's subsidiaries in respect, or on account of, intra-group debt;
- issue or sell capital stock;
- acquire assets or make investments;
- sell assets (including capital stock of subsidiaries);
- create liens;
- enter into sale and leaseback or finance lease transactions;
- aicqtoisselantrifiteiress in or invest in any joint venture;
- · enter into transactions with shareholders or affiliates except on arm's length terms for full market value, including in relation to the provision of goods or services;
- enter into any contractual or similar restriction which restricts their ability to pay dividends or other distributions, make loan repayments or loan interest
 payments or make loans including restrictions that restrict them from paying dividends to Delta Topco;
- effactaòcgosolidation or merger;
- amend material commercial contracts;

receives from Formula 1's counterparties under Formula 1's commercial contracts are denominated in U.S. dollars while their revenues are typically denominated in other currencies, most notably the Euro or the local currency in the country where the relevant Event is held. An appreciation of the U.S. dollar, against the functional currencies of Formula 1's counterparties whose revenues are denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars, increases the cost of their payments to Formula 1 in their functional currencies and the risk that they will not make their payments to Formula 1 or cause them to request Formula 1 to enter into a new contract with such counterparty, which could affect Formula 1's profitability and financial position, and in turn could impact the Formula One Group. See "—Formula 1 is exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties to Formula 1's key commercial contracts."

Risks Relating to the Ownership of Our Common Stock Due to Our Tracking Stock Capitalization

Even though we have attributed, for financial reporting purposes, all of our consolidated assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and cash flows among the Liberty SiriusXM Group, the Braves Group and the Formula One Group in order to prepare the separate financial statement schedules for each of those groups, we will retain legal title to all of our assets and our tracking stock capitalization does not limit our legal responsibility, or that of our subsidiaries, for the liabilities included in any set of financial statement schedules. Holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock, Liberty Braves common stock and Liberty Formula One common stock do not have any legal rights related to specific assets attributed to their associated group and, in any liquidation, holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock, holders of Liberty Braves common stock and holders of Liberty Formula One common stock will be entitled to receive a pro rata share of our available net assets based on their respective numbers of liquidation units.

Our board of directors is vested with discretion to reattribute businesses, assets and liabilities that are attributed to one tracking stock group to another tracking stock group, without the approval of any of our stockholders. Any such reattribution made by our board of directors, as well as the existence, in and of itself, of the right to effect a reattribution may impact the ability of investors to assess the future prospects of the businesses and assets attributed to a tracking stock group, including liquidity and capital resource needs, based on past performance. Stockholders may also have difficulty evaluating the liquidity and capital resources of the businesses and assets attributed to each group based on past performance, as our board of directors may use one group's liquidity to fund another group's liquidity and capital expenditure requirements through the use of inter-group loans and inter-group interests.

The assets attributed to one group are potentially subject to the liabilities attributed to another group, even if those liabilities arise from lawsuits, contracts or indebtedness that are attributed to such other group. While our current management and allocation policies provide that reattributions of assets between groups will result in the creation of an inter-group loan or an inter-group interest or an offsetting reattribution of cash or other assets, no provision of our current charter prevents us from satisfying liabilities of one group with assets of another group, and our creditors are not in any way limited by our tracking stock capitalization from proceeding against any assets they could have proceeded against if we did not have a tracking stock capitalization.

Table of Contents			
Our current char e			

• the existence of authorized and unissued stock, including "blank check" preferred stock, which could be issued by our boar r5

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CONCERNING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference herein constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding our business, product and marketing strategies; new service offerings; revenue growth and subscriber trends at Sirius XM; the recoverability of our goodwill and other long-lived assets; the performance of our equity affiliates; our projected sources and uses of cash; Sirius XM's stock repurchase program; the anticipated non-material impact of certain contingent liabilities related to legal and tax proceedings; the expected benefits of the Formula 1 Acquisition; the future financial performance of Formula 1's business; and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business. In particular, statements under "Risk Factors" contain forward-looking statements. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. The following include some but not all of the factors (as they relate to our consolidated subsidiaries and equity affiliates) that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated:

- consumer demand for our products and services and our ability to adapt to changes in demand;
- · competitor responses to our products and services;
- uncertainties inherent in the development and integration of new business lines and business strategies;
- uncertainties associated with product and service development and market acceptance, including the development and provision of programming for satellite radio technologies;
- our significant dependence upon automakers;
- our ability to attract and retain subscribers at a profitable level in the future is uncertain;
- · our future financial performance, including availability, terms and deployment of capital;
- the integration of Formula 1;
- · our ability to successfully integrate and recognize anticipated efficiencies and benefits from the businesses we acquire;
- the ability of suppliers and vendors to deliver products, equipment, software and services;
- interruption or failure of our information technology and communication systems, including the failure of our satellites, could negatively impact our results and brand:
- royalties for music rights have increased and may continue to do so in the future;
- the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation;
- availability of qualified personnel;
- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, government regulations, including, without limitation, regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and consumer protection laws, and adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- · changes in the nature of key strategic relationships with partners, vendors and joint ventures;
- · general economic and business conditions and industry trends;
- consumer spending levels, including the availability and amount of individual consumer debt;
- rapid technological changes;

- · impairments of third-party intellectual property rights;
- · our indebtedness could adversely affect the operations and could limit the ability of our subsidiaries to react to changes in the economy or our industry;
- failure to protect the security of personal information about our customers, subjecting us to potentially costly government enforcement actions or private litigation and reputational damage;
- · the regulatory and competitive environment of the industries in which we, and the entities in which we have interests, operate; and
- · threatened terrorist attacks, political unrest in international markets and ongoing military action around the world.

For additional risk factors, please see "Risk Factors" above and Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016. These forward-looking statements and such risks, uncertainties and other factors speak only as of the date of this prospectus, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. When considering such forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the factors described in "Risk Factors" and other cautionary statements contained in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference herein. Such risk factors and statements describe circumstances which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of FWONK by the Selling Stockholders. The Selling Stockholders will receive all of the net proceeds from the sale of their shares of FWONK pursuant to this prospectus. See "Selling Stockholders."

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

This prospectus relates to the offer and sale from time to time by the Selling Stockholders of up to 7		

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Selling Stockholders may sell the shares of FWONK covered by this prospectus using one or more of the following methods:

- underwriters in a public offering;
- "at the market offerings" to or through market makers or into an existing market for the securities;
- one or more block trades in which a broker-dealer will attempt to sell the Series C common stock as agent, but may reposition and resell a portion of the block, as principal, in order to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer, as principal, and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which a broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- broker-dealers, who may agree with the Selling Stockholders to sell a specified number of such Series C common stock at a stipulated price per share;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- short sales (including short sales "against the box");
- trading plans entered into by a Selling Stockholder pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act that are in place at the time of an offering pursuant to this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement hereto that provide for periodic sales of their securities on the basis of parameters described in such trading plans;
- · any combination of the foregoing; or
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

To the extent required by law, this prospectus may be amended or supplemented from time to time to describe a specific plan of distribution. Any prospectus supplement relating to a particular offering of shares of FWONK may include the following information to the extent required by applicable law:

- the terms of the offering;
- the names of any underwriters or agents;
- the purchase price of the shares;
- any delayed delivery arrangements;
- any underwriting discounts and other items constituting underwriters' compensation;
- · any initial public offering price; and
- any discounts or concessions allowed or reallowed or paid to dealers.

The Selling Stockholders also may sell all or a portion of their respective shares of FWONK in open market transactions in reliance upon Rule 144 under the Securities Act, regardless of whether the shares are offered in this prospectus, provided that they meet the criteria and conform to the requirements of that rule.

There can be no assurance that the Selling Stockholders will sell any or all of their respective shares of FWONK offered by this prospectus.

The aggregate proceeds to the Selling Stockholders from the sale of their respective shares of FWONK offered by them will be the purchase price of the shares of FWONK less discounts or commissions, if any. Each Selling Stockholder reserves the right to accept and, together with its agents from time to time, to reject, in whole or in part, any proposed purchase of shares of FWONK to be made directly or through agents. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of shares of FWONK by the Selling Stockholders.

The Selling Stockholders and any underwriters, broker-dealers or agents that participate in the sale of their respective shares of FWONK may be deemed by the Commission to be "underwriters" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act. Any discounts, commissions, concessions or profit they earn on any resale of the shares may therefore be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act.

As of the date of this prospectus, we are not a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding between any broker or dealer and us with respect to the offer or sale of shares of FWONK pursuant to this prospectus.

In order to comply with the securities laws of some states, if applicable, shares of FWONK may be sold in these jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states shares of FWONK may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale or an exemption from registration or qualification requirements is available and is complied with.

Underwriters or agents could make sales in privately negotiated transactions and/or any other method permitted by law, including sales deemed to be an at-the-market offering as defined in Rule 415 promulgated under the Securities Act, which includes sales made directly on or through the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the existing trading market for shares of FWONK, or sales made to or through a market maker other than on an exchange.

We will bear the costs relating to the registration and sale of the shares of FWONK offered by this prospectus, other than any underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any. We have agreed to indemnify the Selling Stockholders against certain damages, including liabilities with respect to any violation by us of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and state securities laws applicable to us and relating to the registration of the shares of FWONK offered by this prospectus that have not directly resul cered by

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of the securities that may be sold pursuant to this prospectus will be passed upon for us by Baker Botts L.L.P., New York, New York.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Liberty Media Corporation as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 have been incorporated by reference herein and in the registration statement on Form S-3 in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing. The audit report covering the December 31, 2015 consolidated financial statements refers to the adoption of ASU 2015-17: Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes.

WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION				
We have filed				

h	Pable of	Gentent!	oration,ir	CIII	o,neeroi

or enti of ecinsuon, oot on good faith ar ehich snche dntert

PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 14. Other Expenses Of Issuance And Registration.

The following table sets forth the costs and expenses payable by us in connection with the transaction being registered. All amounts are estimates except the registration fee.

Item 15. Indemnification Of Directors And Officers.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") provides, generally, that a corporation shall have the power to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding (except actions by or in the right of the corporation) by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation against all expenses, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. A corporation may similarly indemnify such person for expenses actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of any action or suit by or in the right of the corporation, provided that such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, in the case of claims, issues and matters as to which such person shall have been adjudged liable to the corporation, provided that a court shall have adherent the person she or et pe

2. Indemnification.

- (a) Right to Indemnification. The Registrant will indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, any person who was or is made or is threatened to be made a party or is otherwise involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (a "proceeding") by reason of the fact that he, or a person for whom he is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer of the Registrant or is or was serving at the request of the Registrant as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or nonprofit entity, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, against all liability and loss suffered and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by such person. Such right of indemnification will inure whether or not the claim asserted is based on matters which antedate the adoption of Article V, Section E of the Charter. The Registrant will be required to indemnify or make advances to a person in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person only if the proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the board of directors of the Registrant.
- (b) Prepayment of Expenses. The Registrant will pay the expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a director or officer in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition; provided, however, that the payment of expenses incurred by a director or officer in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding will be made only upon receipt of an undertaking by the director or officer to repay all amounts advanced if it should be ultimately determined that the director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under this paragraph or otherwise.
- (c) Claims. If a claim for indemnification or payment of expenses under this paragraph is not paid in full within 60 days after a written claim therefor has been received by the Registrant, the claimant may file suit to recover the unpaid amount of such claim and, if successful, will be entitled to be paid the expense (including attorney's fees) of prosecuting such claim to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. In any such action the Registrant will have the burden of proving that the claimant was not entitled to the requested indemnification or payment of expenses under applicable law.
- (d) Non-Exclusivity of Rights. The rights conferred on any person by Article V, Section E of the Charter will not be exclusive of any other rights which such person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the Charter, the bylaws of the Registrant, agreement, vote of stockholders or resolution of disinterested directors or otherwise.
- (e) Other Indemnification. The Registrant's obligation, if any, to indemnify any person who was or is serving at its request as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or nonprofit entity shall be reduced by any amount such person may collect as indemnification from such other corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, enterprise or nonprofit entity.
- 3. Amendment or Repeal. Any amendment, modification or repeal of the foregoing provisions of Article V, Section E of the Charter will not adversely affect any right or protection hereunder of any person in respect of any act or omission occurring prior to the time of such amendment, modification or repeal.

Table of Contents				
securities offered therein,	, and the offering of such securities	g of such		

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the city of Englewood, state of Colorado, on February 1, 2017.

LIBERTY MEDIA CORPORATION

/s/ CRAIG TROYER

Bv:

Name: Craig Troyer

Title: Senior Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and

Assistant Secretary

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Richard N. Baer, Esq. and Craig Troyer, Esq., and each of them, either of whom may act without the joinder of the other, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents with full power of substitution and re-substitution for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this Registration Statement, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite or necessary to be done in and about the premises, to all intents and purposes and as fully as they might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents or their substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons (which persons constitute a majority of the Board of Directors) in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	Date
/s/ JOHN C. MALONE John C. Malone	Chairman of the Board and Director	February 1, 2017
/s/ GREGORY B. MAFFEI Gregory B. Maffei	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), President and Director	February 1, 2017
/s/ MARK D. CARLETON Mark D. Carleton	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	February 1, 2017
/s/ ROBERT R. BENNETT Robert R. Bennett	Director	February 1, 2017
/s/ BRIAN DEEVY Brian Deevy	Director	February 1, 2017
/s/ M. IAN G. GILCHRIST M. Ian G. Gilchrist	Director	February 1, 2017
Evan D. Malone	Director	
	II-6	

Signatu	<u>ire</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ DAVID E. David E. I	Director		February 1, 2017
Larry E. R	Director		
/s/ ANDREA Andrea L.	Director		February 1, 2017
	II-	7	

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.
4.1 Form of Shareholders Agreement by and among Liberty Media Corporation and the shareholders listed on Schedule A thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit C to the Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A of Liberty Media Corporation (File No. 001-35707), as filed on December 9, 2016).
4.2 Form of Delta Topco Limited Exchangeable Redeemable Loan Note Instrument (incorporated by reference to Exhibit D to the Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A of Liberty Media Corporation (File No. 001-35707), filed on December 9, 2016).
4.3 Specimen certificate for shares of the Company's Series C Liberty Formula One common stock, par value \$.01 per share (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's Amendment No. 1 to Form 8-A (File No. 001-35707), as filed on January 24, 2017).
5.1* Opinion of Baker Botts L.L.P. with respect to the validity of the shares of Series C Liberty Formula One common stock being registered.
23.1* Consent of KPMG LLP.
23.2* Consent of Baker Botts L.L.P. (included in Exhibit 5.1).
24.1* Power of Attorney (included on page II-5 of this Registration Statement).

^{*} Filed herewith